

1.6 x 1.5 x 0.5mm Red & Pure green & Blue SMD

OSTB0603C1C-A

VER A.2

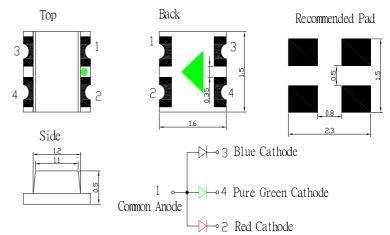
-Features

- Full-Color
- Super high brightness of surface mount LED
- Water Clear Flat Mold
- Compact package outline
 (LxWxT) of 1.6mm x 1.5mm x 0.5mm
- Compatible to IR reflow soldering.

Applications

- Backlighting (switches, keys, etc.)
 - Marker lights (e.g. steps, exit ways, etc.)

Outline Dimension

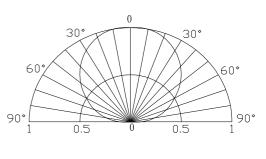


Notes: 1. All dimensions are in millimeters ; 2. Tolerance is ± 0.10 mm unless otherwise noted.

•Absolute Maximum Rating

	0	· /		
Item	Symbo	Value		Unit
	1	R	G/B	Unit
DC Forward Current	$\mathbf{I}_{\mathbf{F}}$	30	30	mA
Pulse Forward Current*	I_{FP}	100	100	mA
Reverse Voltage	V _R	5	5	V
Power Dissipation	PD	78	108	mW
Operating Temperature	Topr	-40 ~ +85		°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40~ +85		°C
Lead Soldering Temperature	Tsol	260°C/5sec		-

Directivity



*Pulse width Max 0.1ms, Duty ratio max 1/10

■Electrical -Optical Characteristics

2θ1/2(deg) $V_F(V)$ $I_R(\mu A)$ Iv(mcd) $\lambda D(nm)$ Min. Тур. Max. Max. Min. Тур. Max. Min. Typ. Max. Тур. Part Number Color I_F=5mA $V_R=5V$ I_F=5mA В 2.8 465 470 Blue 2.6 3.4 10 30 70 475 120 -G 80 520 525 Pure Green 2.4 2.6 3.4 10 160 530 120 OSTB0603C1C-A -Red R 1.6 2.0 2.4 10 20 60 620 625 630 120 _

(Ta=25℃)

(Ta=25°C)

*1 Tolerance of measurements of dominant wavelength is ± 1 nm

*2 Tolerance of measurements of luminous intensity is $\pm 15\%$

*3 Tolerance of measurements of forward voltage is±0.1V

LED & Application Technologies











OSTB0603C1C-A VER A.2

■ Recommended Soldering Temperature – Time Profile (Reflow Soldering)

Surface Mounting Condition

In automatic mounting of the SMD LEDs on printed circuit boards, any bending, expanding and pulling forces or shock against the SMD LEDs should be kept min. to prevent them from electrical failures and mechanical damages of the devices.

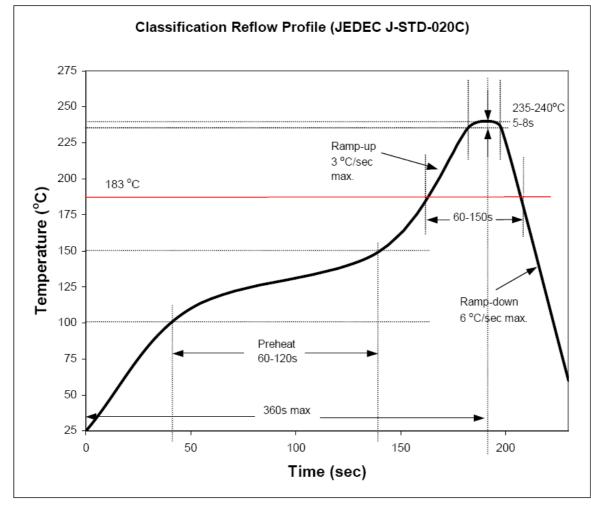
Soldering Reflow

-Soldering of the SMD LEDs should conform to the soldering condition in the individual specifications. -SMD LEDs are designed for Reflow Soldering.

-In the reflow soldering, too high temperature and too large temperature gradient such as rapid heating/cooling may cause electrical & optical failures and damages of the devices.

-We cannot guarantee the LEDs after they have been assembled using the solder dipping method.

1) Lead Solder



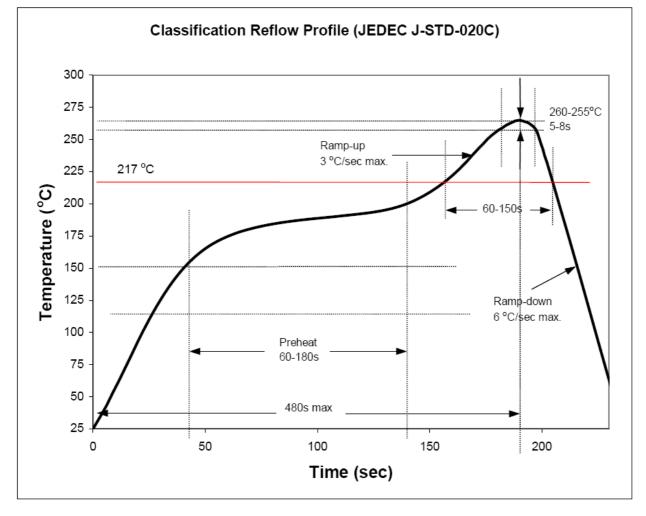
LED & Application Technologies





OSTB0603C1C VER A.2

2) Lead-Free Solder



3) Manual Soldering conditions.

- Lead Solder

Max. 300 for Max. 3sec, and only one time. $\,^\circ\!\mathrm{C}$

- Lead-free Solder

Max. 350 for Max. 3sec, and only one time. $\,\,^\circ\!\mathbb{C}$

- There is possibility that the brightness of LEDs is decreased, which is influenced by heat or ambient atmosphere during reflow. It is recommended to use the nitrogen reflow method.

- After LEDs have been soldered, repair should not be done. As repair is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used. It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will be damaged by repairing or not.

- Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.

